

Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI)

- Aspirin at arrival (within 24 hours)
 - Aspirin prescribed at discharge
 - ACEI or ARB for LVSD
 - Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling
 - Beta blocker prescribed at arrival and discharge
 - Fibrinolytic agent received within 30 minutes of hospital arrival
 - PCI received within 90 minutes of hospital arrival
- Remember to:**
- Document any contraindications to beta-blockers, Aspirin, ACEI or ARB
 - Document patient's smoking history
 - Document patient refusal of any indicator on all measures.

Surgical Care Improvement Project (SCIP)

- Prophylactic antibiotic received Within 1 hour prior to surgical incision
- Prophylactic antibiotic selection for surgical patients
- Prophylactic antibiotics discontinued within 24 hours after surgery end time
- Cardiac surgery patients with controlled 6 a.m. postoperative serum glucose
- Surgery patients with appropriate hair removal
- Colorectal surgery patients with Immediate Postoperative Normothermia
- Surgery patients with recommended Venous Thromboembolism Prophylaxis ordered
- Surgery patients Who received appropriate Venous Thromboembolism Prophylaxis within 24 hours prior to surgery to 24 hours after surgery

Pneumonia (PN)

- Oxygenation assessment
- Pneumococcal screening and/or vaccination
- Blood cultures performed within 24 hours prior to or 24 hours after hospital arrival for pneumonia patients Who were transferred or admitted to the ICU within 24 hours of hospital.
- Blood cultures performed in the emergency department prior to initial antibiotic received in hospital
- Adult smoking cessation advice/counseling
- Antibiotic timing
- Immunocompetent ICU and non-ICU patients with community acquired pneumonia
- Influenza vaccination

Heart Failure (HF)

- Discharge Instructions should include:
 - activity level
 - diet
 - discharge medications
 - follow-up appointment
 - weight monitoring
 - what to do if symptoms worsen
- LVF Assessment
- ACEI or ARB for LVSD
- Adult Smoking Cessation Advice/Counseling